

# EasyGo+ and EETS OBE Functional Requirement Specification

## Enclosure A to Document 202 “Roadside and on-board equipment”

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## Document revision history

Version	Date	Author	Main changes
		HHA	Source: ASFINAG "IOP_OBU_requirements_V10_100128"
V0.2	15.02.2010	HHA	Adaptation for CREATE use
V0.21	23.02.2010	HHA	Layout changed
V0.30	30.03.2010	RL, HHA	Minor changes after review by RL, new chapter numbering
V0.31	19.05.2010	HHA	Ch. 3 Personalisation: AID change, Ch 4.1.3 beep break duration
V0.40	09.06.2010	FD, GK, RL, HHA	Review with NPRA
V0.41	20.10.2010	HHA	Ch. 2.4.5 added, changes in ch. 3, release candidate (RC)
V1.0	18.11.2010	HHA	Release by WG2
V1.01	18.01.2011	HHA	Ch. 5: Explanation to column "type" in the first table added
V1.02	07.06.2011	HHA	Ch 6.3 Unit identification (barcode content)
V1.50		HHA	Adaptation as enclosure to EasyGo document 202
V1.51	18.11.2011	HHA	Editorial changes
V1.52	11.04.2013	HHA	References updated
2.0	02.05.2013		Approved by steering committee
2.1	23.11.2017	HHA	Editorial changes to include EETS, personalization issues removed, security L1 only, acceptance of "late response OBE" skipped; ch.5 "Physical requirements" removed (no topic for EETS, up to the TSP)
2.2	12.02.2018	HHA	Release version
3.0	28.02.2018		Approved by steering committee

## Abbreviations

Abbreviation, Term	Description
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
BST	Beacon Service Table
CEN	European Committee for Standardization
DSRC	Dedicated Short Range Communication
EETS	European Electronic Toll Service
EFC	Electronic Fee Collection
EID	Element Identifier
EN	European standards
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LLC	Logical Link Control
MLFF	Multi Lane Free Flow
MMI	Men Machine Interface
OBE	On-board Equipment
PAN	Personal Account Number
RSE	RoadSide Equipment
T-APDU	Transfer Application Protocol Data Unit
TC	Toll Charger (e.g. ASFINAG)
TSP	Toll Service Provider (e.g. the EETS provider)
UI	User Interface (= MMI)
VST	Vehicle Service Table

# 1 Introduction

In order to offer interoperable toll services, Toll Service Providers (Contract Issuers (CI), have to issue approved, certified and personalised on-board equipment to their customers.

The electronic tolling systems of EFC operators have different requirements for on-board equipment. This document provides the requirements for on-board equipment (OBE) acc. to EN15509 operating in EasyGo to be used for the services EasyGo+/ EETS, considering also special demands of different EasyGo DSRC toll system architectures like MLFF or barrier systems.

## 1.1 Objectives

This document shall enable Toll Service Providers (TSP) to select suitable CEN DSRC OBEs for operation in EasyGo+/ EETS context in EasyGo toll systems.

This document lists some essential requirements as well as recommended solutions for problems that might occur in specific situations or in some EFC systems.

Information and requirements about configuration data and the detailed transaction specification for tolling/enforcement are provided in the following documents:

- Personalisation and configuration data is described in: “EasyGo+ and EETS DSRC Tolling Data Specification” [EasyGo 202-B],
- DSRC transaction for tolling and enforcement is specified in: “EasyGo+ and EETS DSRC transaction for Tolling and Enforcement” [EasyGo 202-C].

Requirements regarding OBE personalisation procedures as well specifications for additional DSRC elements for other use than EasyGo+/ EETS in EasyGo are not part of this specification, because it is up to the TSP to define this.

As it never can be guaranteed that referenced specifications or standards are not conflicting, ambiguous, incomplete or unintentionally leave room for interpretation, the supplier is obliged to contact the purchasing TSP for clarification.

## 1.2 Core requirements

The OBE shall provide a platform for services and functions available in the framework of a CEN DSRC communication within a vehicle. Furthermore, the OBE shall represent the interface to the user offering MMI functionalities.

### **Multilane free-flow ability**

The OBE must be able to communicate in a multilane environment with overlapping communication zones using different RF-channels. The performance of the OBE must not decrease due to the multilane free-flow functionality.

**Testing**

In addition to the tests necessary for gaining the ‘EC declaration of conformity to specifications’, extensive testing of the OBE functionalities is necessary in order to ensure compatibility with the Toll Charger’s system components (‘Suitability for use’). These ‘Suitability for use’ tests will be carried out in laboratory, at a test site and on-the-road.

All OBE test procedures are defined in the document “EasyGo+ and EETS Acceptance Procedures” [EasyGo 202-E].

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## 2 CEN DSRC

### 2.1 DSRC Interface

#### 2.1.1 General

The OBE supports CEN compatible DSRC communications at 5,8 GHz and must conform to **EN 15509** [IAP]. This implies also compliance to the following standards (for details see ch. 7, references):

The following standards are supported:

- Layer 1: **EN 12253** [L1]
- Profile definition: **EN 13372** [Profiles]
- Layer 2: **EN 12795** [L2]
- Layer 7: **ISO15628/ EN 12834** [L7]
- Application Interface for EFC: **EN 14906** [EFC API] and **EN 14816** [AVI No]

#### 2.1.2 Layer 1 – Physical layer

The OBE must conform to EN 15509 [IAP] (this implies indirect reference to EN 12253 [L1]).

All 4 downlink channels shall be supported (D1 in EN 12253 [L1]). The OBE must be able to handle simultaneous radiation of different carrier frequencies in case of overlapping communication zones of neighbouring beacons.

Physical layer parameter set L1-B shall be supported (see also **Profiles**).

#### 2.1.3 Profiles

The OBE must conform to EN 15509 [IAP] (this implies indirect reference to EN 13372 [Profiles]).

DSRC profiles 0 and 1 shall be supported.

Set L1-B (“Set B OBE”) of EN 13372 [Profiles] of alternative physical layer parameter values has to be selected.

#### 2.1.4 Layer 2

The OBE must conform to EN 15509 [IAP] (this implies indirect reference to EN 13372 [Profiles]).

All layer 2 functions, as required in [Profiles] shall be supported.

#### 2.1.5 Layer 7

The OBE must conform to EN 15509 [IAP] (this implies indirect reference to EN 12834 [L7]).

The following **T-APDU** are supported:

- Initialisation
- Get
- Set
- Action
- Event-Report

According to EN 15509 [IAP] the following DSRC layer 7 features shall be supported:

- **Concatenation** of multiple consecutive T-APDU fragments in one L2 frame (i.e. LLC-service) with and without chaining, if the size constraints for the LLC-frames are not violated (i.e. fit into 1 L2 frame);
- **Fragmentation** header length: 1 octet;
- **Any “fill bit”** (as defined in EN12834:2003, ch. 6.3.4), used for octet alignment, shall be assigned the value zero.

Valid combinations of APDUs are listed in EN 13372 [Profiles].

### 2.1.6 Application interface for EFC

The table below specifies the EFC functions that are supported according to [L7] and EFC API] as actions:

Name	Action Type	Action Parameter	Response Parameter	Remarks
Get_Stamped	0	GetStampedRq	GetStampedRs	retrieves data with an authenticator from the OBE
Get_Nonce	6	-	Octet String	Reads a random number generates by OBE Optional, not used in the Austrian system
Set_MMI	10	SetMMIRq	-	invokes an MMI function (e.g. signal Ok via buzzer)
Echo	15	Octet String	Octet String	OBE echoes received data

**Table 1 Action functions**

### 2.1.7 Frame structure

Content of the fill bits = "0"

Maximum length of frame = 128 Byte

The combinations of frames supported by the OBE are listed in EN 13372 [Profiles].

### **2.1.8 OBE internal states and processes**

To guarantee OBE interoperability during transactions, the

- states
- state transitions
- events
- internal OBE actions

defined in EN 15509 [IAP] shall be implemented.

In case of doubt, reference is made to [GSS].

## **2.2 Application**

The OBE shall support any CEN DSRC post pay transaction whose attributes, parameters, functions and security features are according to this document, [IAP] and [EasyGo-202-B].

The transaction is permitting data exchange for tolling, enforcement and personalisation/re-personalisation via the DSRC interface.

### **2.2.1 Data elements**

Data elements are defined in this document, [IAP] and [EasyGo-202-B].

For tariff calculation, different information (different attributes) is needed in the different systems of EFC operators. Data to be stored into the OBE's attributes is defined in [EasyGo-202-B]

In order to allow a correct calculation of tariff and avoid being enforced, some EFC systems need up-to-date information stored in OBE's attributes (e.g. in case a trailer is coupled with a truck).

### **2.2.2 Tariff calculation based on number of axles**

For enabling the roadside equipment (RSE) to calculate the correct tariff, it is necessary that the related attributes in the OBE contain up-to-date values. In a toll context, where the tariff is based on the number of axles, a mechanism is required to modify the relevant attribute's values, when e.g. a trailer is attached to the tractor unit (otherwise the OBE must be personalised with data for the maximum tariff class to avoid enforcement).

The OBE application shall have a function to change the number of axels according to the current vehicle and trailer configuration.

Remark: The trailer presence bit in the attribute VehicleClass shall be set/reset automatically by the OBE logic, depending on the value in VehicleAxles.VehicleAxlesNumber.NumberOfAxles.TrailerAxles.

## **2.3 Security**

### **2.3.1 Keys**

The OBE can store at least:

- eight AuthenticationKeys
- one AccessKey

All keys stored in the OBE shall be protected against read out. There shall be no read access to authentication keys as well as to access keys.

### **2.3.2 Access credentials**

The OBE shall operate for EasyGo+/EETS with security level 1 (according to EN 15509 [IAP]).

Use of Access Credentials – security level 1 -means that each attribute holds specific read and write protection rights. The OBE shall grant access to an attribute only if Access Credentials corresponding to its individual protection level are presented by the requesting layer 7 function.

Access credentials are calculated according to EN 15509 [IAP].

The RndOBE value to calculate the OBE access credentials (AC\_CR) element shall be set randomly for each communication.

The Access Credentials parameter (AC\_CR) is supported among others by the following functions:

- GET
- GET\_STAMPED
- GET\_INSTANCE
- SET

### **2.3.3 Authentication**

Authentication is obtained by the GET\_STAMPED command.

The RSE requires authentication from the OBE. For this purpose, the GET\_STAMPED function is used with 2 different authenticator keys (operator and issuer authenticator). Therefore, the OBE shall authenticate the requested data.

For details see also [IAP] and [EasyGo-202-C].

### **2.3.4 Speed of security calculations**

In order to support free-flow systems the OBE shall execute security calculations with sufficient speed such that the transaction duration is successfully completed in less than 70ms. The transaction duration is measured in the communication zone of any free-flow RSE from the first BST message to the reception of a RELEASE or ECHO message.

### **2.3.5 Protection of code, data and keys**

If the architecture of the OBE allows in principle readout of code or data e.g. for debugging purposes on test OBEs, this must not be possible for units delivered for customer use.

All keys stored in the OBE shall be protected against unauthorised read out. There shall be no read access to AuthenticationKeys as well to AccessKeys.

## **2.4 Additional requirements and remarks**

### **2.4.1 Multilane free-flow ability**

Tests have shown that some existing OBE types have troubles under multilane free-flow conditions. The main requirements are:

The OBE shall support all 4 downlink channels (D1 in EN 12253 [L1]).

Physical layer parameter set L1-B shall be supported (see also [Profiles]).

The OBE must be able to handle - without decrease of its performance - simultaneous radiation of different carrier frequencies in case of overlapping communication zones of neighbouring beacons.

### **2.4.2 Slow response (late response)**

When the OBE cannot send an answer frame to a request frame in the allocated private uplink window, the late response procedure will be used. This means use of DATA\_1 and DATA\_2 states in the Interlayer Management and request of a private window, followed by a late response issued via an UI LLC Service.

To ensure high transaction performance with MLFF RSE e.g. in Austria, the use of late response procedures shall be avoided. OBE using late response will not be accepted anymore for first time acceptance procedures.

### **2.4.3 SET\_MMI.request command**

To retain compatibility with existing OBE (and RSE), the OBE shall accept SET\_MMI with any value of the EID, and with Container type =0(dec). and 69(dec).

### **2.4.4 Data storage**

Personalisation and transaction data shall be stored in a way that data integrity is ensured under all operating conditions, including battery low-voltage situations. Permanent storage of user- and vehicle data for more than 5 years without external power is required.

In situations where data integrity cannot be guaranteed, the OBE shall not respond on the DSRC link (i.e. in case the OBE cannot ensure that stored data are correctly retrieved or that received data are correctly stored).

It must be assured, that transaction data written to OBE are corresponding to the transaction data of the RSE.

#### **2.4.5 Multiple transactions**

The OBE shall not produce more than one transaction inside the RSE communication zone, even for a longer period.

The OBE shall not produce a second or multiple communications after a power-off followed by a power-on of the OBE staying inside the RSE communication zone.

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### 3 User interface

#### 3.1 MMI elements

The OBE shall have at least the following user interface elements to fulfil the required functionality:

- An acoustic information element.
- An optical element
- A vehicle axle-number declaration element.

##### 3.1.1 Acoustic information element

For road safety reasons, information about transaction success shall be primarily delivered acoustically to the driver. The driver shall be informed about the status of the toll transaction after passing a tolling station by an acoustic signal like a buzzer or similar.

The buzzer shall be able to signalize the SET-MMI-Codes 0 to 3 and 255 according to the table below representing the buzzer signalization for the transaction when passing a RSE:

Transaction result	SET-MMI-Code	Buzzer
Transaction OK (payment done, no warning)	0	1 short beep
Transaction not OK (no payment effected, for example, due to expired contract)	1	4 short beeps
Warning (use is ASFINAG specific)	2	2 short beeps
Particular scope or future use	255	No beep

**Table 2: Signalization when passing an RSE**

#### Informative example for acoustic parameters:

The used buzzer parameters below are the best practice values used in the GO-Box transaction in the ASFINAG's toll domain. The parameters have the following limits:

- 75 - 85 dB A (measured in front of the OBE, distance 10 cm, measured inside an anechoic chamber)
- frequency ~ 3.650 Hz
- beep duration ~ 200 ms; the break between multiple beeps is around 100- 200 ms

**Table 3: Informative example for acoustic parameters**

### **3.1.2 Optical element**

The optical element shall display the following minimum information required for the use of the OBE in the ASFINAG toll context:

- The declared number of axles of the vehicle combination (possibly visible as tractor and trailer axles).
- The transaction status of the last transaction in parallel to the acoustic signal acc. to chapter 3.1.1.
- The operational status of the OBE.

The indication of the operational status of the OBE shall have at least the following states:

- The OBE is working correctly in the ASFINAG toll context.
- The OBE is not working correctly in the ASFINAG toll context.

The optical information elements shall be visible at least upon request of the EETS User.

### **3.1.3 Vehicle axle-number declaration element**

This OBE element shall allow the declaration of the number of axles of the current vehicle combination based on the basic number of axles of the pulling vehicle. The number of trailer axles shall either be entered by the driver or via an automatically trailer detection function of the OBE.

The declaration of the number of trailer axles by the EETS User requires a user interface function.

The basic number of axles of the tractor vehicle shall be stored in the DSRC transaction attribute

- VehicleAxles.VehicleAxlesNumber.NumberOfAxles.TractorAxles

and shall not be changed by the driver using the vehicle axle-number declaration element. The possible declaration changes shall be stored in the DSRC transaction attributes

- VehicleAxles.VehicleAxlesNumber.NumberOfAxles.TrailerAxles
- VehicleClass

The declared number of axles shall have a possibility to be checked by using the optical element described in chapter 3.1.2 above.

## **3.2 User manual**

The EETS Provider shall provide an electronic or printed user manual containing the description of the OBE user interface functionalities and the reference to the local tolling regulations of the EasyGo toll domains concerned.

## 4 Power supply

In case of no power from the vehicles power supply following functionalities shall be maintained (e.g. by battery backup):

- The DSRC OBE functionality excluding the MMI functionalities for at least 2 weeks after power loss.

It is highly recommended to install a fixed connection to the vehicles power supply to ensure permanent DSRC operation.

## 5 EETS OBE application element contents

The table below shows an overview of the application data elements, for the detailed description see document «EasyGo+ and EETS DSRC Tolling Data Specification [EasyGo-202-B].

Attributes (EID>0)	AttrId ***)	Type	Length in Bytes	Read	Write	Remarks
CONTRACT						Information associated with the service rights of the Contract Provider (EETS Provider)
EFC Context Mark	0	32	6	Yes	No	Contains the Contract Provider Identification. Transmitted as part of the VST.
PAYMENT						Data associated with the Payment transaction.
PaymentMeans (including PAN)	32	64	14	Yes	No	Includes: - The Personal Account Number, including the Payment Means Issuer (identified by the IIN), - The PAN Expiry Date - The payment means Usage Control
VEHICLE						Information pertaining to the identification and characteristics of the vehicle.
VehicleLicencePlateNumber	16	47	Variable 13 to 17 bytes	Yes	No	Length of the attribute, incl. Country code, Alphabet Indicator and length. (**)
VehicleClass	17	49	1	Yes	No	
VehicleDimensions	18	50	3	Yes	No	
VehicleAxles	19	51	2	Yes	No	
VehicleWeightLimits	20	52	6	Yes	No	
VehicleSpecificCharacteristics	22	54	4	Yes	No	
EQUIPMENT						Information pertaining to the OBE.

Attributes (EID>0)	AttrId ***)	Type	Length in Bytes	Read	Write	Remarks
EquipmentOBEID	24	56	5 (=4+1)	Yes	No	Length of EquipmentOBEID is fixed to 4+1 bytes as specified in EN 15509
EquipmentStatus	26	58	2	Yes	Yes	Includes transaction counter and black list flag
RECEIPT						
ReceiptData1 (last)	33	65	28	Yes	Yes	
ReceiptData2 (penultimate)	34	66	28	Yes	Yes	

**Table 4: EETS OBE application element contents**

Implementation of additional attributes for compatibility reasons to other existing systems (like AttrID. 4 and 23) is up to the TSP.

\*\*\*) According to EN15509 the length of this attribute can be (10 to 14)+3 bytes. Though the RSE can read LPN information with a length of up to 14 characters, only the first 10 significant characters are further processed in the central systems of some EasyGo TC's.

\*\*\*\*) Container choice type value

“Read” and “Write” define access rights to a given attribute for GET, GET\_STAMPED or SET used by RSE.

Each attribute contains one or several data fields. Personalization shall be made by the Contract Issuer (TSP) as specified in [EasyGo-202-B], which is based on [EFC API].

For further details on specification of attributes, security features (authentication mechanisms to be implemented, etc.), which have to be implemented and supported in interoperable context, see [EasyGo-202-B] and [IAP].

## 6 Comments on DSRC protocol related issues (informative)

This chapter provides information on some DSRC protocol related issues often raised by OBE manufacturers and information about tolling context specific characteristics.

### 6.1 Comments on OBE DSRC Kernel state after Rec\_PrWA event

GSS states (states according to Global Specification for Short Range Communication [GSS], chapter 6.3.5 and 6.3.6):

60	Rec_BST(BeaconId, DateTime) & BeaconId = SavedBeaconId	SavedDateTime:=DateTime, Transmit_PrWRq	DATA_2
62	Rec_PrWA	Transmit_UI(SAVE)	DATA_2

**60.** On reception of a BST with the same BeaconId, in state DATA\_2 the OBE re-transmits the PrWRq, compare transition 50

**62.** This is the normal transition in state DATA\_2: On reception of a PrWA the OBE transmits the delayed response using a UI frame. The state DATA\_2 is not left until an implicit layer 7 acknowledge was received.

Remark: Transitions 60 and 62 have the same conceptual meaning in DATA\_2 state of the "most common and standardized" transactions 21 and 22 in INIT state:

21	Rec_BST(BeaconId, DateTime) & BeaconId = SavedBeaconId	SavedDateTime:=DateTime, Transmit_PrWRq	INIT
22	Rec_PrWA	Transmit_UI(VST)	INIT

**21.** This transition occurs if the OBE receives a BST before having received an implicit layer 7 acknowledge, i.e. an addressed frame other than PrWA. The OBE retransmits the PrWRq and stays in the INIT state.

**22.** A normal situation: After having issued a PrWRq (transition 12, 13 or 21) the RSE will transmit a PrWA. The OBE then transmits the VST and remains in the INIT state until another addressed frame is received.

The OBE has to remain in INIT state after having issued a VST until an "implicit layer 7 acknowledge" is received because VST should be not delivered to the RSU.

Such "implicit layer 7 acknowledge" is simply the first ACn Command that implicitly assures the OBE that the VST was surely received.

In the same way, OBE has to be sure that RSU has received the processed data (SAVE); so has to remain in DATA\_2 state as long as an "implicit layer 7 acknowledge" is not received. In this case an "implicit layer 7 acknowledge" is simply a brand new ACn Command.

## **6.2 Comments on Sleep after release**

GSS states that an OBE upon receiving a Release command has to move to BLOCKED state. "The BLOCKED state is similar to the sleeping state, but in addition the frames are not notified, i.e. the wake-up signal is blocked". The timeout is app. 3s, but is quite left to the manufacturer to properly tune it.

## **6.3 Comments on OBE Random number generation**

Requirements don't impose the RndOBE to be completely random but "freely chosen by the OBE" (EN 14906). Using entirely random RndOBE leads to an increase of security.

## 7 References

### Standards and external documents

For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

Reference	Document Ref	Date / Version	Document title
[IAP]	EN 15509	2014	Road Traffic and Transport Telematics (RTTT) – Electronic Fee Collection –Interoperability application profile for DSRC
[GSS]	GSS	V3.2:2003	Global Specification for Short Range Communication (Kapsch TrafficCom AB, Kapsch Telecom GmbH, Thales e-Transactions CGA SA, version 3.2, 2003- 08, <a href="http://www.etc-interop.com/pdf/gss_32.pdf">http://www.etc-interop.com/pdf/gss_32.pdf</a> )
[L1]	EN 12253		Road Transport and Traffic Telematics (RTTT) – Dedicated Short-Range Communication (DSRC) –Physical layer using microwave at 5.8 GHz
[L2]	EN 12795		Road Transport and Traffic Telematics (RTTT) – Dedicated Short-Range Communication (DSRC) – DSRC data link layer: Medium access and logical link control
[L7]	ISO 15628 (formerly EN 12834)	2013	Road Transport and Traffic Telematics (RTTT) – Dedicated Short-Range Communication (DSRC) – DSRC Application Layer (formerly EN 12834)
[Profiles]	EN 13372		Road Transport and Traffic Telematics (RTTT) – Dedicated Short-Range Communication (DSRC) – Profiles for RTTT applications
[AVI No register]			<a href="http://www.tc278.eu/index.php/14816-register">http://www.tc278.eu/index.php/14816-register</a>

## EasyGo Documents

Reference	Document Ref	Date / Version	Document title
[EasyGo-202]			EasyGo roadside and on-board equipment
[EasyGo-202-A]			EasyGo+ and EETS OBE Functional Requirements (this document) (Replacements for “Functional requirements for EasyGo+ OBEs”)
[EasyGo-202-B]			EasyGo+ and EETS DSRC Tolling Data Specification (Replacement for “EasyGo+ OBE personalisation, configuration and operating parameters”)
[EasyGo-202-C]			EasyGo+ and EETS DSRC transaction for Tolling and Enforcement (Replacement for “EasyGo+ DSRC transaction for tolling and enforcement”)
[EasyGo-202-E]			EasyGo+ and EETS Acceptance Procedures (Replacements for “EasyGo+ OBE compatibility tests”)